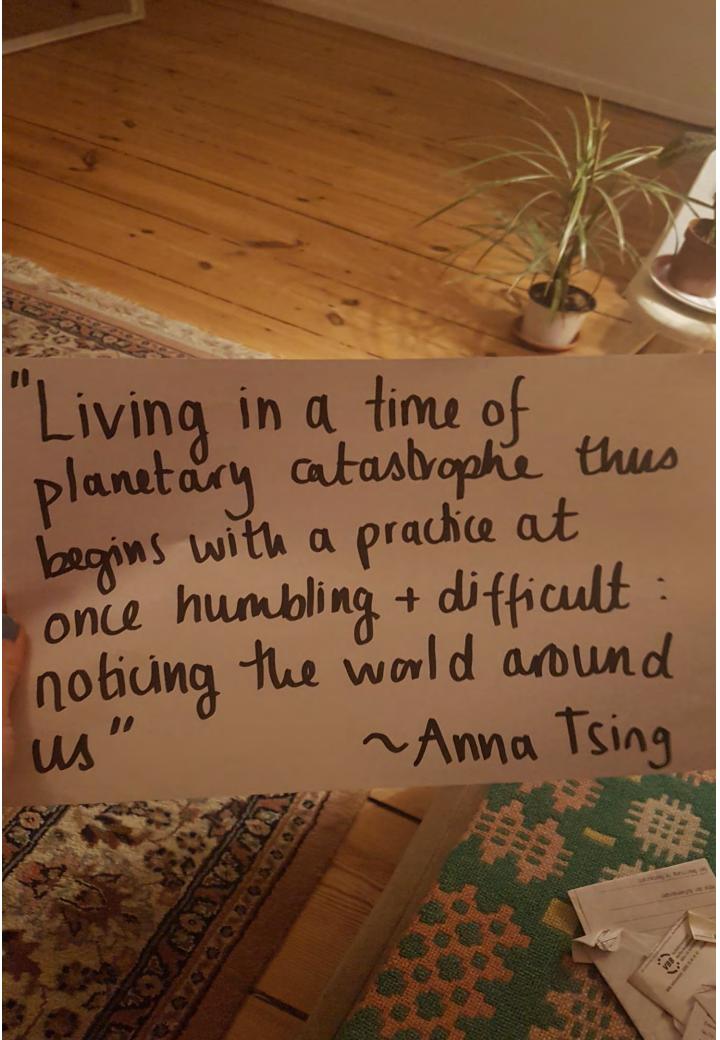


The process of creating community theatre somehow goes hand-in-hand with the process of storytelling with trees.

Both are nourished by an attitude of gratitude, an atmosphere of openness, a leap of imagination, patience, trust and presence.

We all have different stories, needs, talents and tempos: you-me human-tree. Through listening to one another we create the bonds that let us cocreate. We open our eyes, our ears, our thoughts, our ideas. Building trust and building confidence,







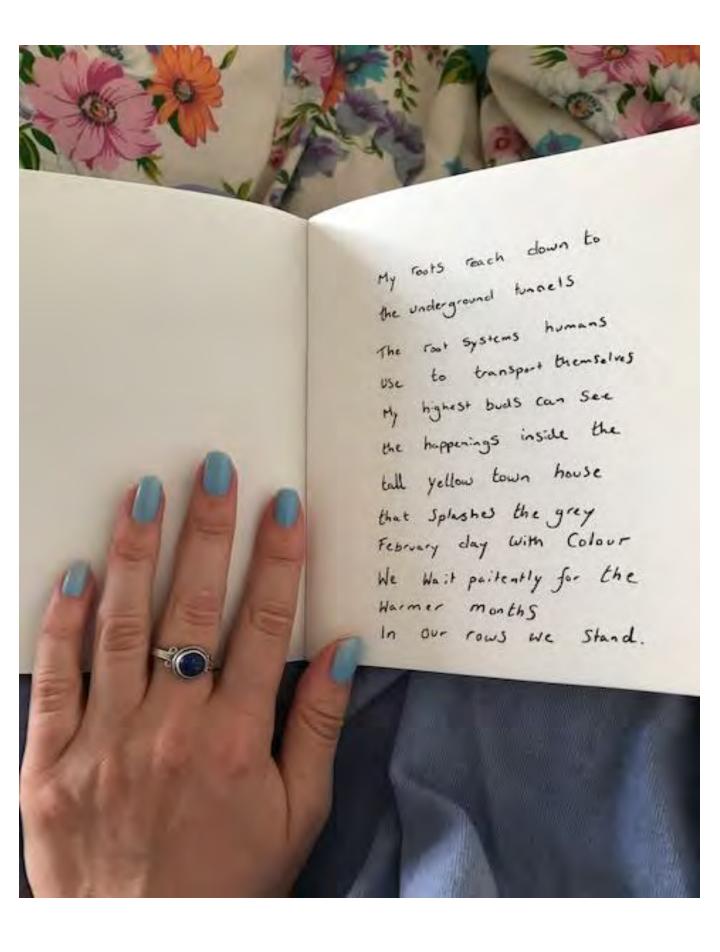
Coronavirus changed the tempo of this project. It turned a 4-month process into 8. It broke up our weekly coming-togethers, as we were required to hibernate. It tuned us in to online rehearsals and then pushed pause for a month or two.

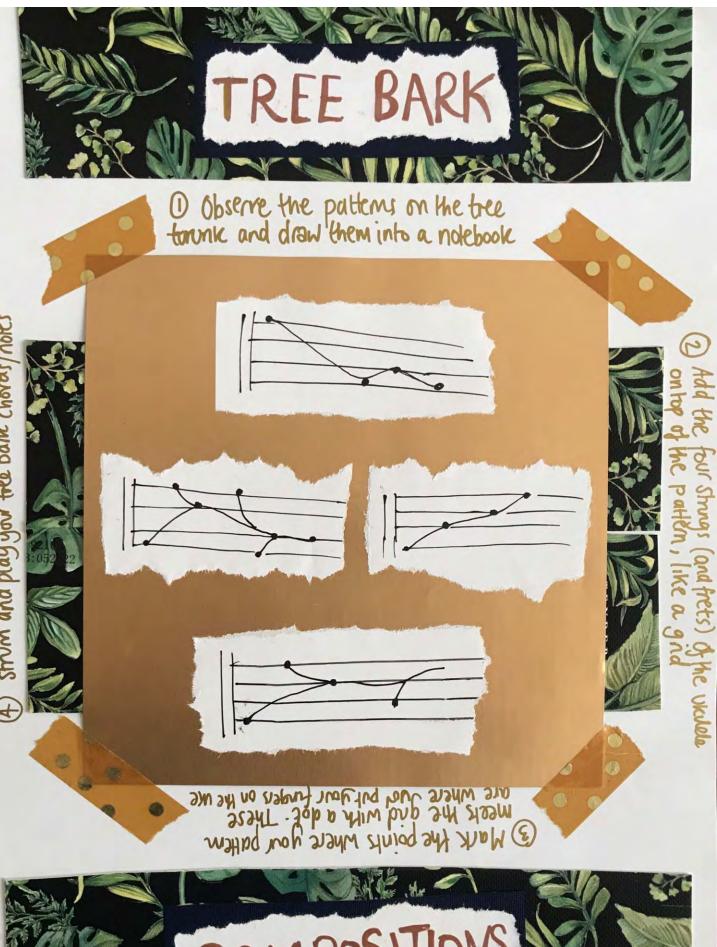
But while we were self-isolating, many of us got better acquainted with the trees outside our windows, the song of the birds, the local parks and the changing seasons.

Coronavirus changed the tempo of this project and the tempo of us.

Instead of ploughing ahead in the rehearsal room, we put pen to paper to reflect and create this zine.

Only time will show how this moment will ripple into our performance and our lives.









SHIMMERS AND GLIMMERS

AN INTERVIEW WITH ANDY CLARK, 28/05/2020.
BY MATTEO COLOMBO.



Could you please introduce yourself and your work?

I am Andy Clark. I am a philosopher and cognitive scientist. I am currently working at the University of Sussex in Brighton in the UK. And I am interested in the mind. What is it? Where does it come from? How does it work? I started off being interested in artificial neural networks – in what's in the head; then in embodied cognition, which is the idea that a lot of stuff that isn't just what brains do is very important for the mind. And that made me interested in robotics. Lately, I've been interested in an overarching theory called "predictive processing," whose basic insight is

that brains are organs for active prediction. And an interest along the way has been consciousness. Is it only the higher animals who are conscious and have a sense of self?

Much of your work pushes back against a kind of "brain chauvinism," which is the prejudice that the brain must be the seat of the mind. Do you think people's resistance in considering trees as having a mind depends on some ingrained "brain-chauvinistic" prejudice?

In some sense yes; but there's more to it. It's not just that trees do not have a brain. The intelligence of trees seems to be very distributed. They don't have a central orchestrating node like a brain. And without this central node, the form of intelligence you're going to have is going to be quite different - though a genuine form of intelligence. After all,

trees are responsive to environmental needs; they can share information with other trees and animals; they can take pre-emptive action to avoid threats. Trees are very fancy.

But if you try to think what it's like to be a tree, you don't want to say it's not like anything. But if it's like anything at all, it must be like little glimmers. Little glimmers like "it's kind of better here than over there," or "this is the thing that should be done right now", or "there is this nutrient over here" and "here's this signal from another tree that I need carbon"... Glimmers that happen and then overwritten by the next glimmer. There's no real temporal depth, or grip on counterfactual futures in tree intelligence. If this is right, then tree mind might be best understood as a collection of shimmers and glimmers, which ground tree sentience.

How does the idea that mind is fundamentally predictive help progressa sense, or understanding, that this collection of shimmers and glimmers constitutes a tree's conscious experience?

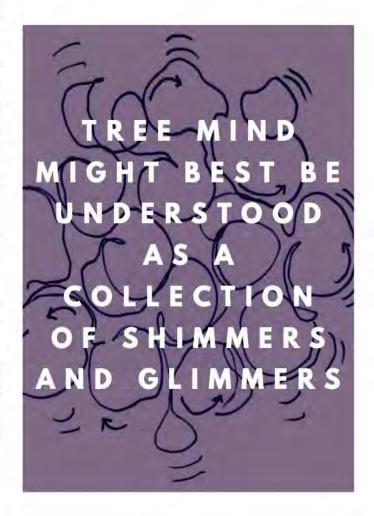
One important difference is between creatures like trees, which minimize surprises in their interactions with the environment to keep themselves in the kinds of situations that are good for them, and creatures like humans who, because they have a deeper temporal grip, can minimize expected surprise by figuring out what would happen to them if they took one action over another. Systems that can minimize expected surprise need to have an ability to flexibly assess the quality of their own information, based on what they already know about their past and what they might want to achieve in the future. Systems with this ability might have some sense of self.

Perhaps, there is something it's like to be a tree, but it's not like being in a world of persisting objects with a clear identity. And the reason is that trees might not be able to minimize their expected surprises. When I talk about temporal depth here, it's not about speed or slowness. Trees clearly hang around for a long time, after all. It's, rather, about creating possible alternatives to life events that have already occurred.

What kind of evidence do you think is relevant here?

One possibility is that we find out about the actual workings of tree intelligence, and discover that some structures in trees are actually dedicated to monitoring the quality of the incoming and outgoing information based on the tree's past history and future goals. Another possibility is behavioural evidence that indicates trees have the ability to minimize

expected surprise. But one challenge is that it's not clear what kinds of behaviours we should look at, because their world is so different from ours. Plant biologists have unearthed all kinds of interesting plant behaviour. For instance, it's pretty cool to see in time-lapse videos how some trees can use their tendrils to climb and grab, to twine around suitable hosts found by touch to get more light or some nutrients. One way such plants could do this is via trial and error: if the tendril hits something, then it can wrap around it and climb up. If it doesn't, then the plant tries in a different direction. But a different way to do this is that the plant swirls around a support, and then, in one go, it goes straight, by taking the short-cut route, to the source of light or nutrient. It seems as though the plant, in this case, noticed there's something climbable, and then went straight for it to get what it needs. If we had more evidence like this, then trees and plants could minimize their expected surprise, too.



When you start having these conversations, one problem is figuring out what one means by terms like 'mind' or 'consciousness.' Do you find yourself having this problem? Do you think one should define these terms before considering whether or not trees have a mind, or a consciousness?

I've never found I made much progress in these discussions by providing definitions up front, by giving necessary and sufficient conditions for something to be a conscious experience. One better approach for unravelling these elusive issues is, perhaps, to point at examples, at cases. For instance, it's not at all obvious the core essential feature of consciousness is to reflect on one's own experiences like humans do. This might be the icing on the cake for a few creatures. But I don't think you get more conscious just because you can think more things.

This reminds me of this passage from "The Overstory" by Richard Powers:

Aliens land on Earth. They're little runts, as alien races go. But they metabolize like there's no tomorrow. They zip around like swarms of gnats, too fast to see—so fast, that Earth seconds seem to them like years. To them, humans are nothing but sculptures of immobile meat. The foreigners, these aliens, try to communicate, but there's no reply. Finding no signs of intelligent life, they tuck into the frozen statues and start curing them like so much jerky, for the long ride home.

You cannot help but think that if we saw all the action trees are taking by speeding them up - how their roots stretch deeper, all their buzzing communication with other creatures in a forest - if we saw all of this, then we would be mightily impressed. But what we ordinarily see is this lump of stuff standing—pretty much

like how fast-moving aliens would see us—and we infer mistakenly that there's not much going on there.

Do you have a favourite tree?

I like Strangler fig, beautiful scary trees... Their nuts land and start to grow up around another tree, consuming it and you have these exoskeleton creeping roots. So gorgeous. I have also a long-standing affection for mangroves.

In closing, do you have any personal memory about trees you can share with us?

One of my first encounters with a tree was when, as a child, I climbed one and fell off. I broke my arm. I climbed this tree because I liked a girl in the garden next door and we thought the only way we could meet was if I could climb this tree. And I fell. As we didn't recognize my arm was broken, I remember thinking: "There's an awful lot of pain here, but I am not expressing it very well..." I guess another fond memory of trees is when my father and I would take long walks through the dark and magnificent Caledonian Scots pine forest, an Ancient Black Wood in Scotland. These trees are often known as "granny pines". They can tell a story or two.

In closing, I believe if we really knew what the difference was between trees and us, and whether that difference was one of the key ingredients of consciousness at all, or consciousness like us, that would be a really cool thing to know. Are there all these different varieties of consciousness and we are one little variety overextending, anthropomorphising other varieties of consciousness insisting they must be like us? Or is it really these little glimmers and shimmers do not add up to consciousness really? It would be a really a good thing to know.



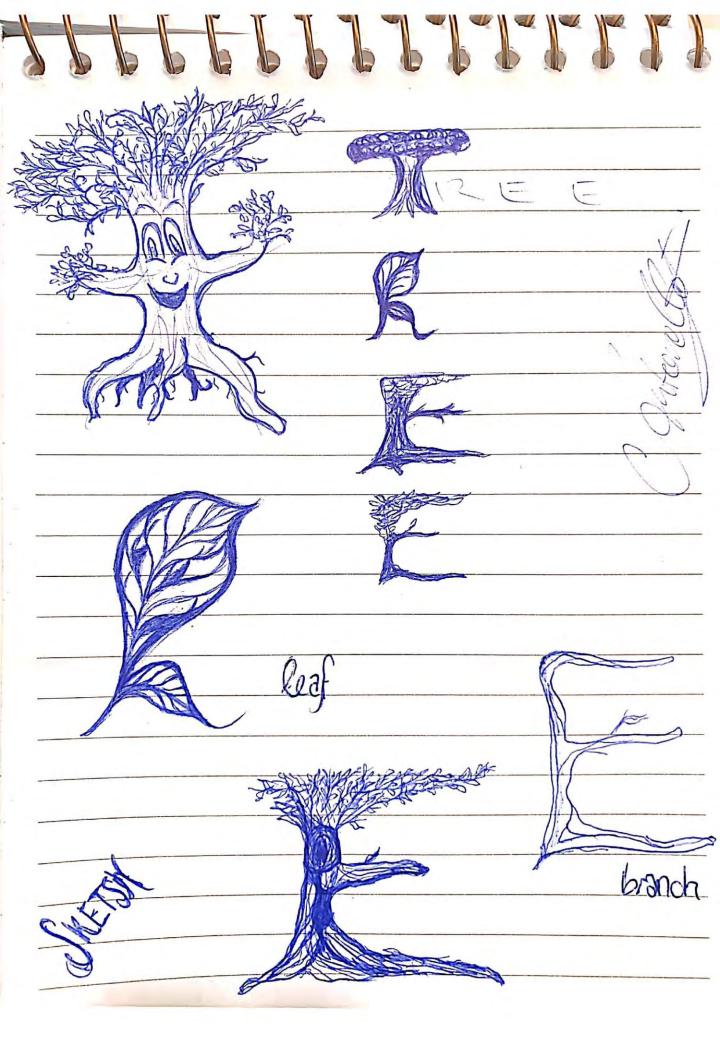


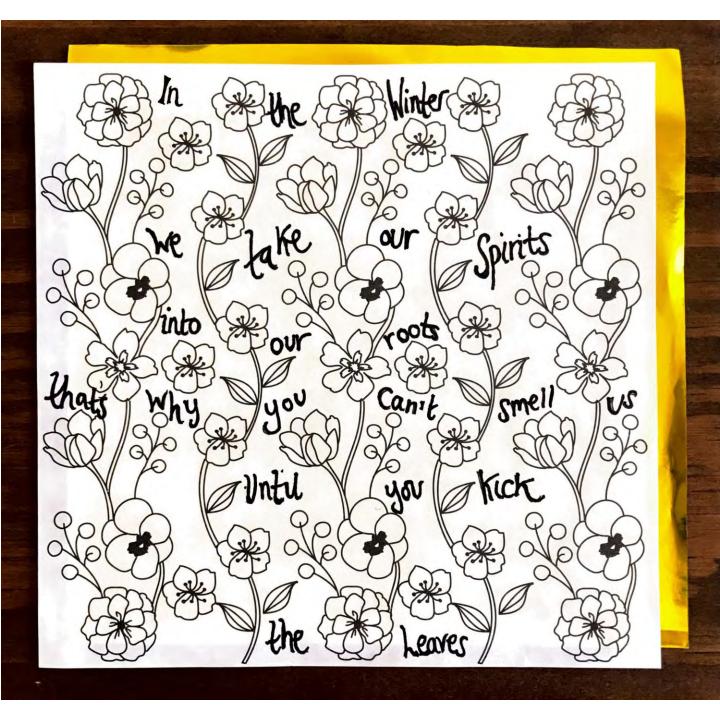
i lost my journal a few years ago or i lost a few years, a journal ago fear not, my memories are safe in my iCloud Photo Library.



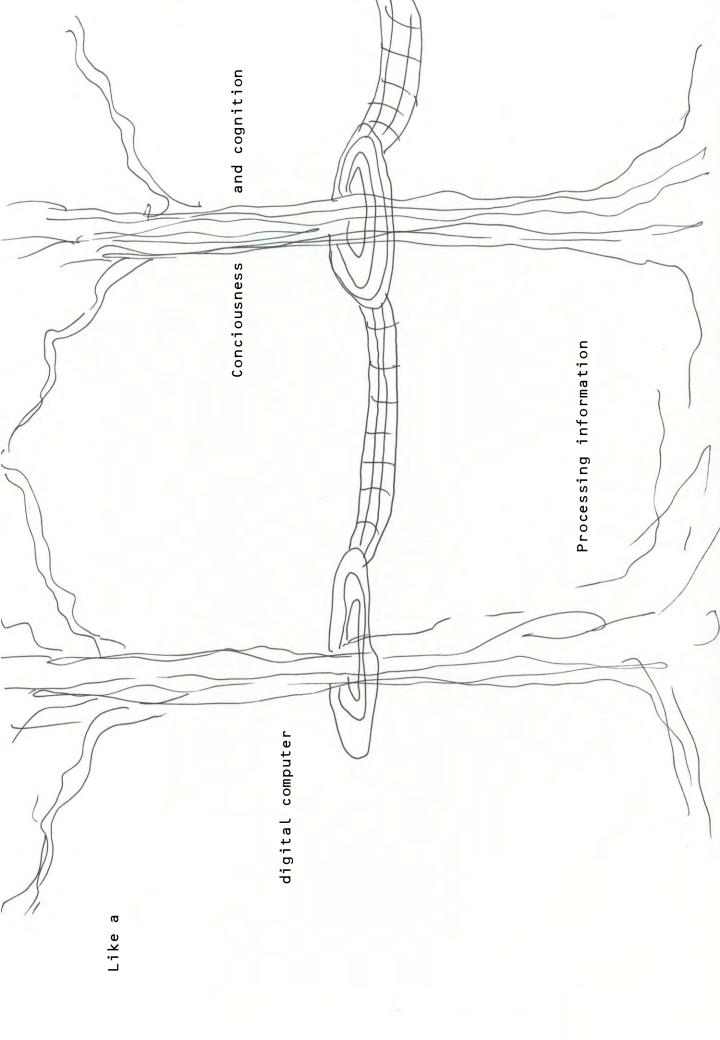


thank god.







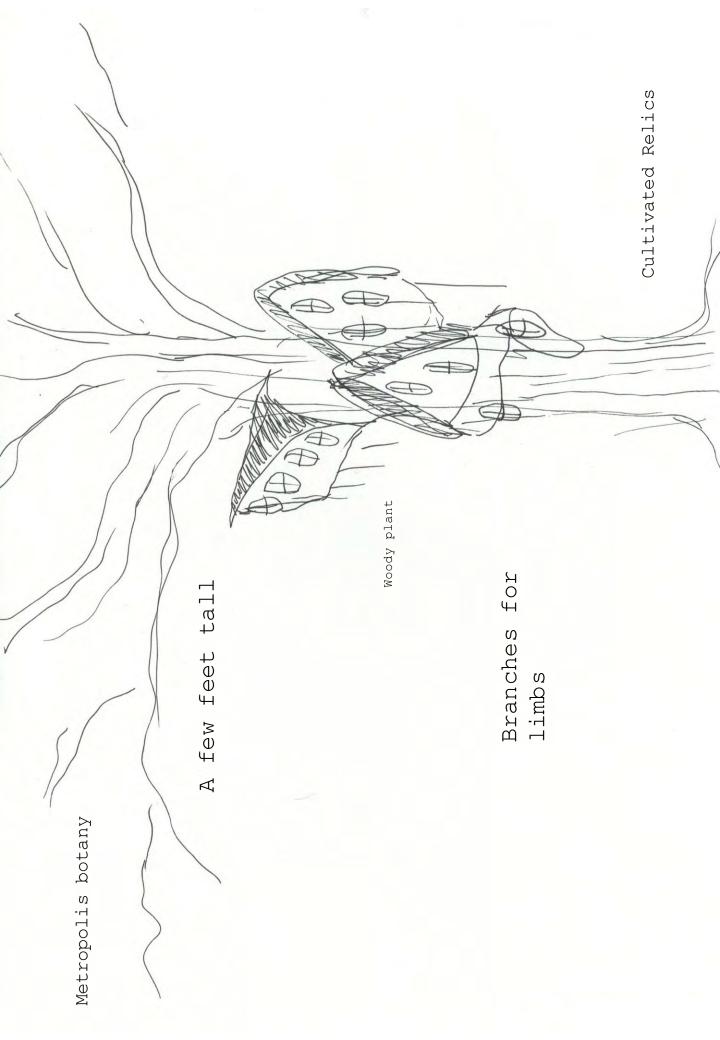




Fact of the day

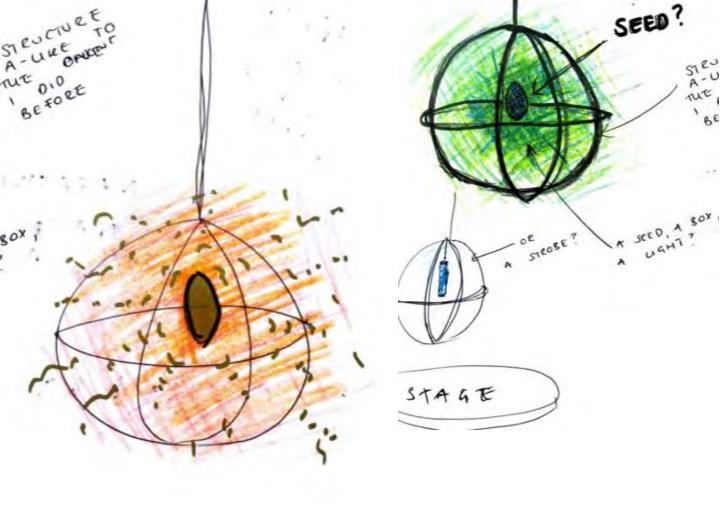


It's not easy being a tree

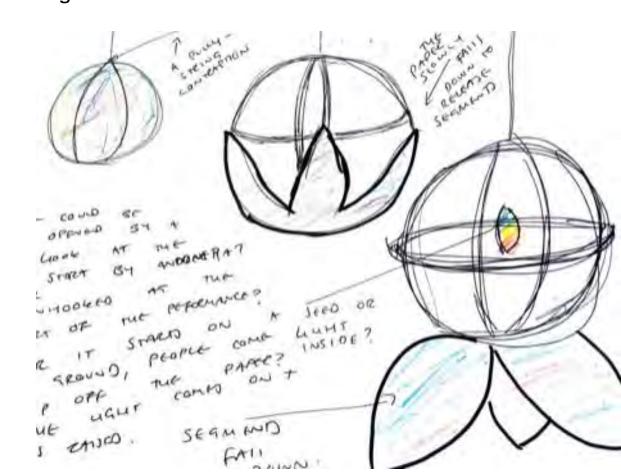




FOREST POUND THE LIKE WOMEN AST RE MENOPAUSE HAVE ADDED TO HER BELLY



Prop Designs -



I am a tree!

THOUGHTS ON PLAYING THE CHARACTER OF A TREE

I am a tree. Just kidding, I am a human pretending to be a tree. And that's our problem. People think they know everything, even how it's like to be a tree. Or we think, through thinking we understand. A tree never tries to be like a human. Or- wait. Again I am pretending to know what trees can or can't do.



What can I tell you for sure about trees? They live. They grow. And die. They try to survive. And they help us to survive. Even though we want to kill them. That must mean that trees have no ego.

Otherwise they could be like: "Ok you want to kill us? Fine... We will kill you first!" If trees would act like

I you first!" If trees would act lik humans they would go backpacking in New Zealand for their selfdiscovery.

I can't do this. I'm out, sorry. I'm not able to be a tree. They seem to be so balanced, so self-confident. Standing still. Stagnancy. And when I stop. When I stand still, I don't even know how this

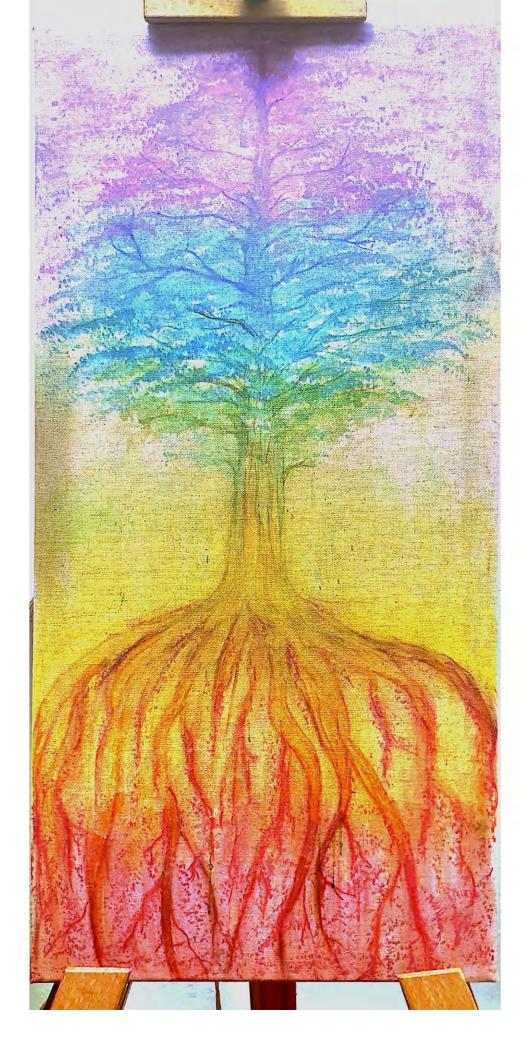
"Getting up. 8 hours working. 30 minutes for myself. E-Mails. To Do's. **So. Many. To Do's**."

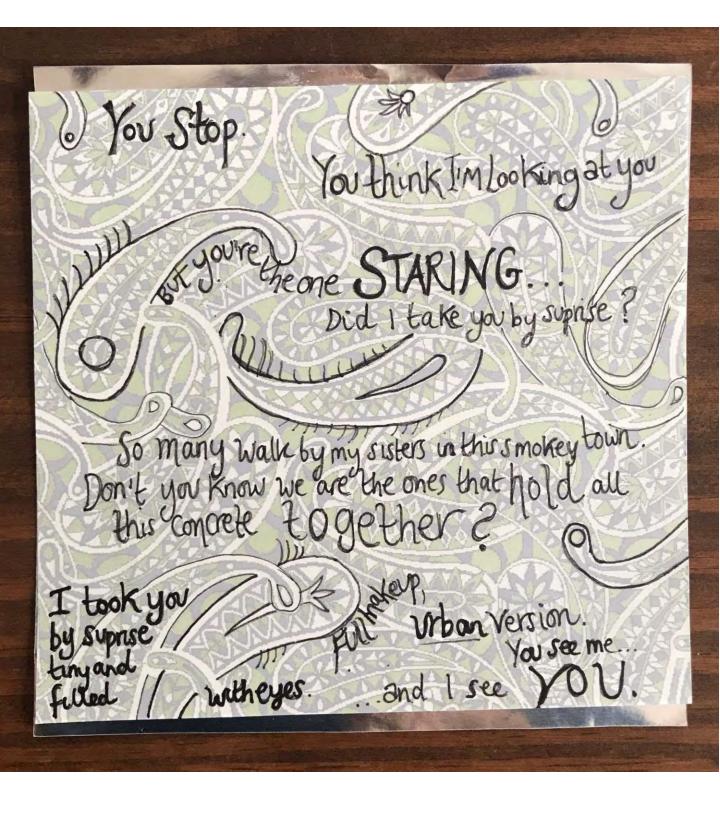
should work – just existing. In this very moment. Now. It's almost a bit boring. I mean... I am not even able to plan something, because this **is** the moment I already planned.

ME

"Breathing. Being. Growing. Surviving. Being. Breathing." I guess... Playing the character of a tree means getting back to your roots. Meditating. Understanding life.

TREE





Which "You Me Human Tree" character are you?

1) How would your friends describe you? A protective B wise C easygoing

D reliable

2) How do you spend your afternoon?A watching over the forestB teach humans the language of the treesC meet up with my tree friendsD meditating and singing songs

3) Which one of these colours is your favourite? A red

A fighting

4) In your dreams you often...

B walk around
C your dreams are always pleasant
D flying or floating

5) What animal describes you 6) What are you afraid of? the most? A the death of my species, extinction

the most? A bear

B turtle C dog

C dog D dove

D not being able to help, disconnection from creatures

tree friends

D giving nourishment to all beings, harmonising with my fellow

C sunlight and people complimenting me

A good will, longevity and abundance

7) What do you love?

C yellow D gold

B blue

B beauty of the planet Earth

B nothing as I have seen the many cycles

of life already



A) Joe Oak: proud, noble, compassionate
Joe Oak is a broad, and strong - a muscular, healthy
specimen. Joe Oak feels like he is a pillar for support those
around him. He is the descendant of Dicke Marie and
therefore one of the oldest and strongest trees in the world.
B) Ms. Tree: mystical, gentle, loving

Joe Oak

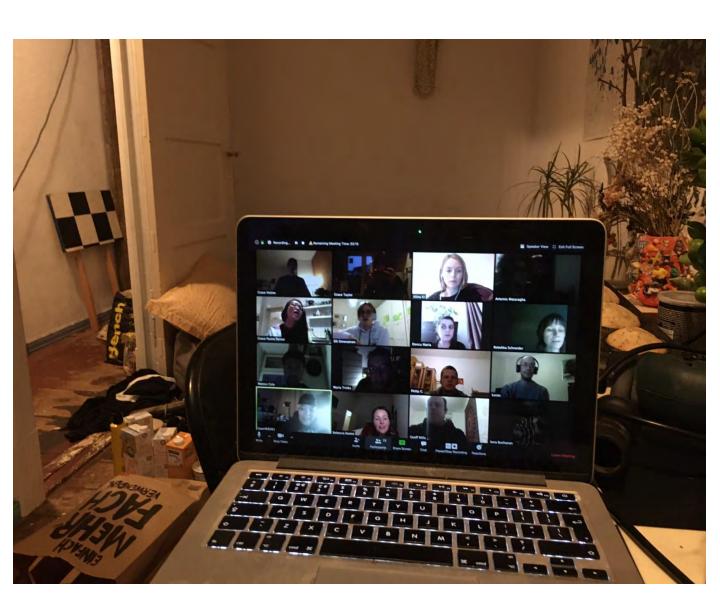
Ms Tree is a old and wise tree who is from an alternative reality called Treesia. Ms Tree is seeking for knowledge, unity and balance between humans and trees. Most importantly, she is a connector between Treesia and Earth.

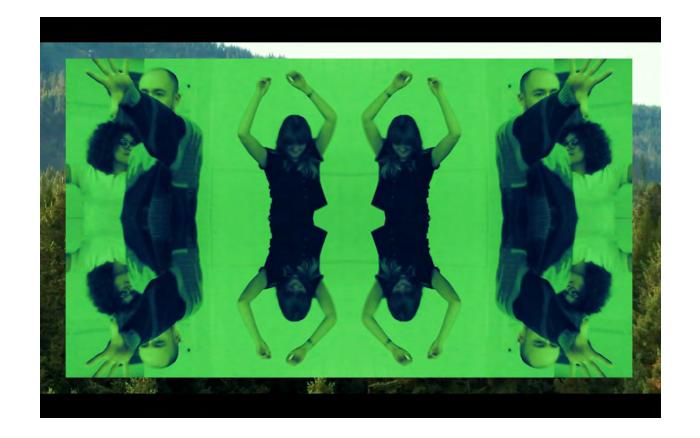
C) Will: willow, beautiful, confident

Will is a young happy and outgoing tree who likes to play around with the birds and night flowers. Will doesn't seek anything in particular, they just want to meet new tree friends and enjoy life.

D) Clalla: healing, resilient, incandescent

Clalla is a very calm tree who likes to help different creatures. Clalla likes to preserve ancient knowledge and to meditate, a perpetual reaching out to all ife that surrounds her. Clalla is often worshipped for her beauty and reminder of time passing.

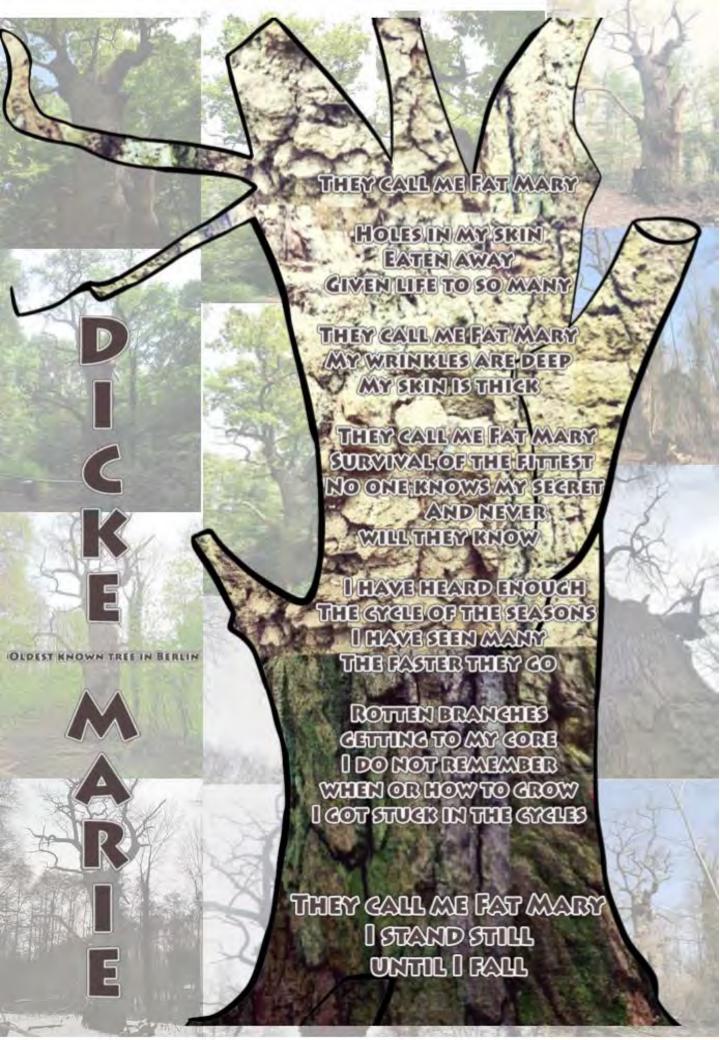




How might we tell stories with trees?

How can we listen to them?
How do we relate to trees?
How can we create with them?
How to build community with
trees?

How to bring them into the theatre - onto the stage?
Or are they already there?
Do our stories belong to us?
Do our spaces belong to us?
Or do they belong to the trees?



YOU-ME-HUMAN-TREE

One-star theatre reviews for the show that didn't happen

Rotten at the roots *

Trees will prefer deforestation than five minutes of this play *

The performance taxes your faculties so little that you can think about whatever you like. Suitable for mushrooms*

A travesty, fiasco, and utter abjection. Why didn't someone intervene? *

An ungrounded pathetic nonsense *

Trees would cut themselves and hit this play in self-defence *

Withering, leaf-less, and sapless *

Casts more shadows than fruits *

The sole attendee was the plant of one of the performers. During the show it lost its bloom *

So dull it turns photosynthesis off *

Junk in the trunk *

We are excited to perform You-Me-Human-Tree at English Theatre Berlin I International Performing Arts Centre from Friday 2nd - Saturday 10th October 2020.

For more information on tickets, please visit the ETB | IPAC website: www.etberlin.de

We are deeply grateful to our partner organisations Exploratorium and Gelbe Villa, as well as to our funders JFSB and Kreuzberger Kinderstiftung.

Co-created by Alexander Thal, Alina Klisch, Antonella Zidek, Artemis Granger, Eleonoora Omenainen, Geoff Mills, Grace Holme, Grace Taylor, Iona Buchanan, Lucas Galindo, Maria Trinks, Matteo Colombo, Nwebo Niermann and Rebecca Kenny







International Performing Arts Center





